

	Answer	Controls	Comments / Justifications
How many people does the volunteer come into contact with? (<i>very few = lower risk; many = higher risk</i>)	medium to high risk	Standard Public Health measures*, Wearing a mask*, Vaccinations, Outdoor activities rather than indoors where possible	Masks are still relevant and are a key factor in restricting transmission of Covid. Wearing a mask is encouraged wherever possible. At an event it would be good to continue to have contact tracing/record keeping, best practice would be to continue to use at training, to help protect each other.
How easy will it be to identify the people who the volunteer comes into contact with? (<i>easy to identify, such as co-workers = lower risk; difficult to identify, such as unknown members of public = higher risk</i>)	high risk	Standard Public Health measures, Wearing a mask, Vaccinations, Accurate contact tracing/record keeping (as best we can do)	Athlete Leaders have said that they would like to see the vaccine pass continue We are looking at the vaccination status, not the pass. Health and disability sector still requires vaccination, what is the reality of how SONZ would monitor vaccination status if required?
How close is the volunteer when they are carrying out their role in proximity to other people? (<i>2 metres or more in an outdoor space = lower risk; close physical contact in an indoor environment = higher risk</i>)	Low - high risk depending on the range of athletes and the sports	Wearing a mask indoors is required and recommended when in close proximity outdoors. Standard public health measures, Vaccinations	e.g. Wheelchair 10-pin bowler may need a 1 on 1 Record keeping at training would be good to continue to use
How long does the sport or activity require the volunteer to be in that proximity to other people? (<i>brief contact = lower risk; lengthy contact = higher risk</i>)	low to high risk	Wearing a mask indoors is required and recommended when in close proximity outdoors. Standard public health measures, Vaccinations	While in red consideration be given to a T1 versus a T2, and inter-regional travel.
Does the volunteer involve regular interaction with people considered at higher risk of severe illness from COVID-19, such as people with underlying health conditions? (<i>little to none = lower risk; whole time = higher risk</i>)	high risk	Wearing a mask indoors is required and recommended when in close proximity outdoors. Standard public health measures, Vaccinations	All volunteers should be familiar with the high risk athletes are at with their health.
What is the risk of COVID-19 infection and transmission in the Special Olympics environment when compared to the risk when they are not at Special Olympics? (<i>equal to outside work = lower risk; higher than outside work = higher risk</i>)	Risk is the same	Wearing a mask indoors is required and recommended when in close proximity outdoors. Standard public health measures, Vaccinations	With the level of transmission in NZ you can now catch Covid in any environment
Will the volunteer activity continue to involve regular interaction with unknown people if the region is at a higher alert level? (<i>no = lower risk; yes = higher risk</i>).	Low risk	Wearing a mask indoors is required and recommended when in close proximity outdoors. Standard public health measures, Vaccinations	
Does the activity require the volunteer carrying out that activity to be at a place where people are required by way of a public health order or proposed public health order to be vaccinated?	Depending on the venue that you are training at or hosting an event e.g. most venues require vaccine pass		Clubs will need to adhere to Government regulations - Indoor gathering size is currently at 200 (with a vaccine pass) and unlimited outdoors. This is subject to change from time to time by the Government.

Does the role require you to cross regional borders, and/or air travel?	medium risk	Wearing a mask indoors is required and recommended when in close proximity outdoors. Standard public health measures, Vaccinations Case by case risk assessment of what travel means in this setting.	"It would be just nice to go into another region" We need to assess when we will return to normal and what that means
Does the role require touching of "shared items"?	medium to high risk	Wiping down equipment in between use, Standard Public Health measures, Wearing a mask, Vaccinations, outdoor activities rather than indoors where possible	Every sport in SONZ is included as you have lots of people touching lots of things.

***DEFINITIONS:**

STANDARD PUBLIC HEALTH MEASURES - taking temperature, hand sanitation, hand washing, social distancing, wiping down surfaces, if you are unwell stay home!

WEARING A MASK - Recommended masks include surgical grade masks, KN95, or cloth masks that include a filter.

Note: if you have Covid please isolate for the timeline recommended by the Ministry of Health

Risk Assessment Matrix

Almost certain Risk is expected to occur more than once within the next year. 5 Likely Risk is expected to occur once within the next year. 4 Possible Risk could occur at least once in the next two years. 3 Unlikely Risk could occur at least once in the next three to five years. 2 Rare Risk will probably not occur in the next five years. 1	Likelihood	Moderate 5	High 10	High 15	Extreme 20	Extreme 25
		Low 4	Moderate 8	High 12	High 16	Extreme 20
		Low 3	Moderate 6	Moderate 9	High 12	High 15
		Low 2	Low 4	Moderate 6	Moderate 8	High 10
		Low 1	Low 2	Low 3	Low 4	Moderate 5
		Consequence				
		Of little concern	Of some concern	Of concern	Major	Catastrophic
Health & Safety Events		Minor injury, no first aid treatment required. No injury – near miss incident. 1	First aid treatment required. 2	Medical treatment required. 3	Notifiable injury, illness, or incident. Lost time injury. 4	Permanent disability or impairment. One or more fatalities. 5